

Grade 7 Assessment Vocabulary Words

1. Our **patron saint** is St. Elizabeth of Hungary and our **Pastor** is **Fr. Irinel Racos**.
2. **Pope Francis** is the Pope, the bishop of Rome, Shepherd of the whole Church on earth.
3. **Divine Revelation** is God making himself and his plan of salvation known (20/220).
4. The Church's **Tradition**, includes all that Christ entrusted to the Church through the Apostles (20/221).
5. The **Bible**, also called **Sacred Scripture**, is the **inspired** Word of God (20/216/217).
6. There are two parts of the Bible: the **Old Testament** (God the Father's relationship with the Hebrew people before the birth of Jesus) and the **New Testament** (Jesus and the early Church) (21/216/217).
7. The **Gospels** are the Books of **Matthew, Mark, Luke** and **John** found in the New Testament (21/217).
8. Jesus taught using short stories called **parables** (66/166/167/221).
9. An **Epistle** is a letter found in the N.T. written to the early Christian communities or those who led them (18, 220).
10. **Faith** is a gift of God's grace that enables us to believe, is strengthened by the Holy Spirit and nourished by the Church (20/21/220).
11. A **Martyr** is a person who accepts suffering or death rather than deny belief in God (13/37/142/143/220).
12. The **Magisterium** is the teaching office of the Church (the Pope and all the bishops). Their teachings are guided by the Holy Spirit and are without error (**Infallibility**) (20/52/53/133/220).
13. The **Covenant** is a sacred agreement between God and his people (28/220).
14. The **Blessed Trinity**, the central mystery of our faith: **Three Divine Persons in One God, God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Spirit** (28/29/220).
15. The **Holy Family** is Jesus, Mary and Joseph and on **Christmas** we celebrate the birth of Jesus = the **Incarnation**, the mystery of Jesus Christ, the divine Son of God becoming man (34/35/36/220).
16. The **Paschal Mystery** refers to the suffering, death, Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus (36/37/221).
17. The **Resurrection** is the event of Jesus being raised from death to new life (36/37).
18. The **Ascension** is Jesus' return in all his glory to his Father in Heaven (36/37/220).
19. **Christ** is a title for Jesus that states he is the **Messiah**, the "Anointed One" (37, 86).
20. **Pentecost** is the day on which the **Holy Spirit** came to Jesus' disciples and marks the birth of the Church (26/42/ 43/221).
21. **Evangelization** is proclaiming the Good News of Jesus and the love of God through word and witness (45/220).
22. Images that help us understand the **Holy Spirit: dove, fire, living water, anointing with oil** (44/45).
23. The four characteristics or **Marks of the Church** are: **One, Holy, Catholic** and **Apostolic** (52/53/220).
24. The **Annunciation** is the announcement to the Virgin Mary by the Angel Gabriel that she was called to be the mother of Jesus (58/59/220).
25. The **Assumption** commemorates the Virgin Mary's being taken body and soul into heaven after her earthly life ended (60/61/220).
26. **Original sin** is the sin of the first man and woman passed on to all people though which we are weakened in our ability to resist sin (60/61/124/221).
27. The **Immaculate Conception** is the belief that Mary was free from sin from the first moment of her conception and throughout her whole life (60/61/220).
28. **Heaven** is everlasting happiness with God and all people who love him. **Hell** is unending separation from God. **Purgatory** is a period of purification (68/69/220/221).
29. The **Communion of Saints** is the spiritual union of all believers (living and dead) who form one body in Christ (68/69/220).
30. The **Last Supper** is the Passover meal Jesus ate with his disciples on the night before he died. Jesus initiated the Sacrament of Eucharist (Communion) (78).
31. **Sunday, the Lord's Day**, is the principal day for celebrating the **Eucharist** because it is the day of the **Resurrection** (80).
32. The **Mass** (also called the **Liturgy**) is the main sacramental celebration of the Church at which we gather to listen to God's Word (**Liturgy of the Word**) and share in the Eucharist (**Liturgy of the Eucharist**) (80/81/209).

33. We receive **Jesus' Body and Blood** in the Sacrament of the **Eucharist = Jesus is truly present** in the Bread and Wine **consecrated** (the action is called Transubstantiation) at Mass (78/79/80/81).
34. **Baptism, Confirmation** and **Eucharist** are the **Sacraments of Christian Initiation**, through which we enter into full membership in the Church (88/89/221).
35. Though the **Sacrament of Baptism** we are born to new life in Christ, forgiven of **Original Sin** and all sin, become members of the Body of Christ (the Church), are united to Christ and receive the Holy Spirit (52/ 86/88/221).
36. The Sacrament of **Confirmation** anoints us with the Holy Spirit and perfects the grace of Baptism (88/89).
37. The **Bishop** (ordinary minister) anoints us with sacred **Chrism** (blessed oil) at **Confirmation** (88/89/110).
38. **Sacraments** are seven outward signs instituted by Christ that give us a share in God's life (**Grace**) (89/124/208/221).
39. The **Sacraments of Healing** are **Anointing of the Sick** and **Reconciliation** (96/97/208/221)
40. Our **Conscience** is a gift from God of an internal ability to judge right and wrong (96/97/210/220).
41. A **Mortal Sin** is a serious sin that separate us from God and **Venial Sin** is less serious sin that weakens our relationship (96/97/221).
42. A **miracle** is an action that goes beyond the laws of nature and invites us to deepen our faith in God (102).
43. **Ministry** is a way of caring and serving others, helping the Church fulfill its mission (102/103/221).
44. The **Sacraments at the Service of Communion** (Vocations): **Holy Orders** (ordination: bishop, priests, deacons) and **Matrimony** (married couples serve God by serving each other and the children they have) (104/105/221).
45. **Stewardship** is the responsibility to care for all the good God has created (116/117/221).
46. God created us in God's image and likeness – spiritual beings with a **body and soul** (116/117/221).
47. **Free Will** is the freedom God gave us to choose between good and evil (122/220).
48. **Virtue** is a disposition to do good that directs our actions and guides our conduct. There are two kinds: **Cardinal** (Prudence, Justice, Fortitude, and Temperance) and **Theological** (Faith, Hope, Charity) (124/125/205/221).
49. The **Gifts of the Holy Spirit** (Wisdom, Understanding, Counsel, Fortitude, Knowledge, Piety, and Fear of the Lord) guide us in living the life God wants for us (189/190/206).
50. The **Beatitudes** (Sermon on the Mount) teach us how to live and find happiness in God's kingdom (132/154/155 156/157/207/220).
51. **Catholic Social Teaching** is the teaching of the Church that calls us to work for justice and peace (39/55/71/91/107/ 127/143/156/159/179/207/220).
52. We care for others physically (corporal) and spiritually by performing the **Works of Mercy** (156/157/206/221).
53. The laws of the Covenant revealed to **Moses** and the Israelites on Mount Sinai are called the **Ten Commandments** (112/132/133/138/140/141/148/149/205).
54. The **Great Commandment** is this: "You shall love the Lord, your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your mind. You shall love your neighbor as yourself" (132/146/147/205).
55. **Precepts of the Church** = obligations established by the Church that all Catholics must observe (132/133/205/221).
56. The **Lord's Prayer** (Our Father) is the prayer Jesus taught. (164/174/175/176/177/197).
57. The five basic forms of prayer are: **blessing, petition, intercession, thanksgiving** and **praise** (168/195).
58. **Sacramentals** are objects or actions that are usually accompanied by special prayer (184/185/221).
59. The **Rosary** is a popular **devotion** (form of prayer) to the Blessed Mother (184/202/220).
60. The **Stations of the Cross** (**devotion**) reflect on the events of Jesus' **Passion** (suffering and death) (184/203/220).
61. The **Homily** is the part of the Mass that helps us understand and live the Word of God (209).
62. The **Roman Missal** contains all the prescribed prayers, chants and instructions for the celebration of the Mass.
63. We recite the **Nicene Creed** (Profession of Faith) at Mass each Sunday (16/199/209).
64. The **Liturgical Year** is the **cycle of seasons** that make up the **Church calendar** in this order: **Advent, Christmas, Ordinary Time, Lent, Easter, and Ordinary Time** (218/219).
65. The **Triduum** is the 3 day celebration of **Holy Thursday** (we recall the Last Supper), **Good Friday** (we remember Jesus' suffering and death on the cross) and **Holy Saturday** (Easter Vigil, prayerful waiting to celebrate the Resurrection) (218/219).
66. **Almsgiving** is the practice of voluntarily giving money or material goods for the aid of the poor (182/218/220).
67. The **Blessed Sacrament** is the blessed Bread from Mass (Eucharist/Communion/Hosts) reserved in the **tabernacle** for those who are sick and for devotion.